

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 411 00 15500-3060
Product name: OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT
UFI: NC00-Y08X-000H-9SGW

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Liquid detergent for hand washing and washing machine of overalls.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: Meccanocar Italia S.r.l.
Full address: Via San Francesco, 22
District and Country: 56033 Capannoli (PI)
Italy
Tel. +39 0587 609433
Fax +39 0587 607145

e-mail address of the competent person
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

moreno.meini@meccanocar.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

National Poisons Information Service: +44 121 507 4123

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements:

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

Ingredients compliant with EC Reg. 648/2004

Less than 5%: Cationic surfactants
 Between 5% and 30%: Between 5% and 30%

Citronellol, Eugenol, Limonene

Preservatives: 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3- (2H) -one-42-Methyl-2H-Isothiazol-3-one-N- (3-Aminopropyl) -N-dodecylpropan-1,3-diamine.

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**3.2. Mixtures**

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
2-BUTOXYETHANOL		
CAS 111-76-2	$2 \leq x < 2,5$	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
EC 203-905-0		
INDEX 603-014-00-0		
Reg. no. 01-2119475108-36-XXXX		
SODIUM METASILICATE		
CAS 6834-92-0	$2 \leq x < 2,5$	Met. Corr. 1 H290, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335
EC 229-912-9		
INDEX -		
Reg. no. 01-2119449811-37-XXXX		

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media****SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT**

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE**

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT**6.2. Environmental precautions**

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters**

Regulatory References:

ESP	España	LÍMITES DE EXPOSICIÓN PROFESIONAL PARA AGENTES QUÍMICOS EN ESPAÑA 2019 (INSST)
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition, published 2018)
ITA	Italia	DIRETTIVA (UE) 2017/164 DELLA COMMISSIONE del 31 gennaio 2017
NOR	Norge	Fastsatt av Arbeids- og sosialdepartementet 21. august 2018 med hjemmel i lov 17. juni 2005 nr. 62 om arbeidsmiljø, arbeidstid, stillingsvern mv. (arbeidsmiljøloven) § 1-3, § 1-4 og § 4-5
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes químicos no trabalho - Diário da República, 1.ª série - N.º 111 - 11 de junho de 2018
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2019

SODIUM METASILICATE

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	7,5	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	1	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	1000	mg/l

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				0,74 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				1,55 mg/m3				6,22 mg/m3
Skin				0,74 mg/kg bw/d				1,49 mg/kg bw/d

2-BUTOXYETHANOL**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	98	20	245	50	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	49	10	246	50	SKIN
WEL	GBR	123	25	246	50	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	98	20	246	50	SKIN
TLV	NOR	50	10			SKIN
VLE	PRT	98	20	246	50	SKIN
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		97	20			

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	8,8	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,88	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	34,6	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	3,46	mg/kg
Normal value of STP microorganisms	463	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	0,02	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	2,33	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		26,7 mg/kg bw/d		6,3 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	147 mg/m3	426 mg/m3		59 mg/m3	246 mg/m3			98 mg/m3
Skin		89 mg/kg/d		75 mg/kg bw/d		89 mg/kg bw/d		125 mg/kg bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SODIUM METASILICATE

Hand protection: Suitable protective gloves, eg PVC or rubber gloves, tested according to EN 374. Specific working conditions must be taken into consideration separately.

Eye protection: Chemical glasses.

Skin protection: Suitable protective clothing such as overalls and gloves.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	liquid
Colour	violet
Odour	characteristic
Odour threshold	Not available
pH	10
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	Not available
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

Lower inflammability limit	Not available
Upper inflammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	1,042 +/- 0,05
Solubility	soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	Not available
Oxidising properties	Not available

9.2. Other information

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

SODIUM METASILICATE

The aqueous solutions act as: strong bases. Corrodes: aluminium, zinc, tin, aluminium alloys, zinc alloys, tin alloys.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

SODIUM METASILICATE

Reacts violently with: acids.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

High temperatures and sources of ignition. Prolonged exposure with air / oxygen and light.

10.5. Incompatible materials**SODIUM METASILICATE**

Reacts with acids: release of heat.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**2-BUTOXYETHANOL**

May develop: hydrogen.

Carbon oxides.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENTACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:
>2000 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

LD50 (Oral) 615 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 405 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 2,2 mg/l/4h Rat

SODIUM METASILICATE

Method: Not indicated

Reliability: 2

Species: Mouse (T23-48: ddy; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: LD50 = 770-820 mg / kg bw

Bibliographical reference: Safety of anticorrosives in building water-pipe methal inhibitors sodium polyphosphate and sodium metasilicate, Ito, R. et al., (1986)

Method: EPA OPPTS 870.1300

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Results: LC50> 2.06 mg / L air

Method: EPA OPPTS 870.1200

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: LD50> 5000 mg / kg bw

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Method: OECD 401

Reliability: 1

Species: guinea pig (Hartley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: LD50 = 1414 mg / kg bw

Method: CFR title 49, section 173.132

Reliability: 2

Species: Guinea pig (Dunkin-Hartley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapor)

Results: Not classified

Method: OECD 402

Reliability: 1

Species: guinea pig (Hartley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Not classified

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT**2-BUTOXYETHANOL**

Method: EU Method B.4

Reliability: 2

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand white; male / female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Irritating

Bibliographic reference: Jacobs G, Martens M, Mosselmans G, Proposal of limit concentrations for skin irritation within the context of a new EEC directive on the classification and labeling of preparations. (1987)

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Method: OECD 405

Reliability: 1

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand white; male / female)

Route of exposure: Ocular

Results: Irritating

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Method: OECD 406

Reliability: 1

Species: Guinea pig (Dunkin-Hartley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Not sensitizing

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 474-Test in vivo

Reliability: 1

Species: Mouse (B6C3F1)

Results: Negative

Skin sensitization

SODIUM METASILICATE

Method: OECD 429

Reliability: 2

Species: Mouse (Balb / c; female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Not sensitizing

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SODIUM METASILICATE

Method: OECD 471-In vitro test

Reliability: 1

Species: S. typhimurium

Results: Negative with and without metabolic activation

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 475-Test in vivo

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

Reliability: 2
Species: Mouse (BDF1; male)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: Negative

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 471 in vitro test
Reliability: 1
Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535
Results: negative
Bibliographic reference:
Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 474-Test in vivo
Reliability: 1
Species: Mouse (B6C3F1)
Results: Negative

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Method: Not indicated
Reliability: 1
Species: Mouse (CD-1; male / female)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: NOAEL = 720 mg / kg bw / day
Bibliographic reference: Heindel JJ, Gulati DK, Russel VS, Reel JR, Lawton AD and Lamb JC, Assessment of Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl and monophenol Ether reproductive toxicity using a continuous breeding protocol in Swiss CD-1 mice (1990).

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility
SODIUM METASILICATE

Method: Not indicated
Reliability: 2
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: NOAEL (fertility) > 159 mg / kg bw / day
Bibliographic reference: Effects of soluble silica on growth, nutrient balance and reproductive performance of albino rats, Smith, G. S. et al, (1973)

Adverse effects on development of the offspring
SODIUM METASILICATE

Method: Not indicated
Reliability: 2
Species: Mouse (JLC-TCR)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: NOAEL (development) = 12.5 mg / kg bw / day
Bibliographic reference: Safety of the metal scavengers sodium metasilicate and sodium polyphosphate, Saiwai, K. et al, (1980)

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SODIUM METASILICATE

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

Target organ
SODIUM METASILICATE

Respiratory organs

Route of exposure
SODIUM METASILICATE

Inhalation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SODIUM METASILICATE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 408
Reliability: 2
Species: Rat (Wistar; male / female)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: NOAEL > 227 - 237 mg / kg bw / day

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 408
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male / female)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: Negative, NOAEL < 69 mg / kg bw
Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 453
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male / female)
Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)
Results: Negative, NOAEC < 31 ppm
Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 411
Reliability: 1
Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White; male / female)
Route of exposure: Dermal
Results: Negative; NOAEL > 150 mg / kg bw / day

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SECTION 12. Ecological information**12.1. Toxicity**

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

SODIUM METASILICATE

EC50 - for Crustacea

1700 mg/l/48h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Easily degradable.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Solubility in water

1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

0,81

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SODIUM METASILICATE

In consultation with the responsible local authority, it must be subjected to special treatment: neutralization.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Dispose of as hazardous waste. Recover or recycle if possible. Otherwise incineration. Dispose according to local regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

14.1. UN number

Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

Point 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Met. Corr. 1	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT**LEGEND:**

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website
 - ECHA website
 - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

OVERALLS WASHER DETERGENT

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:
The following sections were modified:
09.