

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 411 00 08800-2673A
Product name: SUPERFIX

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Part A of universal epoxy adhesive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: Meccanocar Italia S.r.l.
Full address: Via San Francesco, 22
District and Country: 56033 Capannoli (PI)
Italy

Tel. +39 0587 609433

Fax +39 0587 607145

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: moreno.meini@meccanocar.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: National Poisons Information Service: +44 121 507 4123

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

| | | |
|--|------|--|
| Eye irritation, category 2 | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Skin irritation, category 2 | H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| Skin sensitization, category 1 | H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 | H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:

SUPERFIX



Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Contains: POLY [OXY (METHYL-1,2-ETHANOL)], .ALPHA-IDR-.OMEGA-.HYDROXY-, ETHER WITH 2,2-BIS (HYDROXYMETHYL) -1,3-PROPANDIOL (4: 1), 2 -IDROSSI-3-MERCAPTOPROPIL ETERE N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

| Identification | x = Conc. % | Classification 1272/2008 (CLP) |
|---|-------------|--|
| POLY [OXY (METHYL-1,2-ETHANOL)], .ALPHA-IDR-.OMEGA-.HYDROXY-, ETHER WITH 2,2-BIS (HYDROXYMETHYL) -1,3-PROPANDIOL (4: 1), 2 -IDROSSI-3-MERCAPTOPROPIL ETERE | | |
| CAS 72244-98-5 | 94 ≤ x < 98 | Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 |
| EC 615-735-8 | | |
| INDEX - | | |
| N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE | | |
| CAS 10563-29-8 | 2,5 ≤ x < 3 | Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1B H317 |
| EC 234-148-4 | | |
| INDEX - | | |

SUPERFIX

Reg. no. 01-2119970376-29-XXXX

1,8-DIAZABICYCLO [5.4.0]**UNDEC-7-ENE**

CAS 6674-22-2

$0,4 \leq x < 0,45$

Acute Tox. 3 H301, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318

EC 229-713-7

INDEX -

Reg. no. 01-2119977097-24-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media****SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT**

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE**

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

| | | |
|--|------------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,0000092 | mg/l |
| Normal value in marine water | 0,00000092 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 0,034 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 0,00000336 | mg/kg |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 18,1 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 0,00000132 | mg/kg |

SUPERFIX

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | | | 0,2 mg/kg bw/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | 0,65 mg/m3 | 0,65 mg/m3 | 7,5 mg/m3 | 7,5 mg/m3 | 3,7 mg/m3 | 3,7 mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | | | | | 0,67 mg/kg bw/d |

1,8-DIAZABICYCLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

| | | |
|--|-------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,24 | mg/l |
| Normal value in marine water | 0,024 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 1,46 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 0,146 | mg/kg |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 13 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 0,152 | mg/kg |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | | | 1,5 mg/kg bw/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | 2,6 mg/m3 | | | | 10,6 mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | 1,5 mg/kg bw/d | | | | 3 mg/kg bw/d |

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold

values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Respiratory protection: low concentrations or short activity: mask with specific cartridge Recommended filter type: A2B2E2K2P3

High concentrations or prolonged activity: self-contained breathing apparatus

Hand protection: gloves (PVC, neoprene)

According to the permeation index EN 374: 1 (elapsed time > 10 minutes)

Eye / face protection: safety glasses with side shields

Skin and body protection: Workplace: protective clothing (cotton)

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374)

Suitable materials also with prolonged direct contact (Recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN 374):

butyl rubber (butyl) - coating thickness 0.7 mm

nitrile rubber (NBR) - coating thickness of 0.4 mm

chloroprene rubber (CR) - coating thickness 0.5 mm

Additional note: specifications are based on tests, literature data and information from glove manufacturers or derive from similar substances by analogy. Due to many conditions (eg temperature), it should be considered that the practical use of a chemical protective glove in practice can be much shorter than the breakthrough time determined through testing.

The manufacturer's instructions for use must be observed due to the wide variety of types.

Eye protection:

Tightly sealed goggles (caged goggles) (eg EN 166) and face shield.

Body protection:

Body protection should be chosen based on activity and possible exposure, e.g. apron, protective boots, chemical protective suit (according to EN 14605 in case of splashes or EN ISO 13982 in case of dust).

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Appearance | liquid |
| Colour | light yellow |
| Odour | ammonia |
| Odour threshold | Not available |
| pH | Not available |
| Melting point / freezing point | Not available |
| Initial boiling point | > 150 °C |
| Boiling range | Not available |
| Flash point | 100 °C |
| Evaporation rate | Not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available |
| Lower inflammability limit | Not available |

SUPERFIX

| | |
|--|----------------------------|
| Upper inflammability limit | Not available |
| Lower explosive limit | Not available |
| Upper explosive limit | Not available |
| Vapour pressure | Not available |
| Vapour density | Not available |
| Relative density | 1,14 g/cm |
| Solubility | Not available |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | Not available |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available |
| Viscosity | 10000 - 20000 mPa.s (25°C) |
| Explosive properties | Not available |
| Oxidising properties | Not available |

9.2. Other information

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

The product is stable under normal conditions of handling and storage.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Evolution of heat under the influence of acids.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Temperatures above 50 ° C
Exposure to moisture. Protect from heat.

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

- Violent reaction and flammability with :; Oxidizing agents, Nitrates, Peroxides
- Very exothermic reaction and possibility of spitting with :; strong acids, halogens, product that could react violently in an alkaline environment
- Formation of toxic products (n-nitrosamines) with:; nitrous acid and other nitrosating agents, nitrite, oxygen
- Very exothermic reaction with :; Water
- Corrosion with :; light metals and alloys (corrosion)

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Substances to avoid:
strong acids, oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Thermal decomposition giving toxic and corrosive products: ammonia, carbon oxides, nitriles, cyanides

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:
>2000 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)

SUPERFIX

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 401

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: LD50 = 1545 mg / kg bw

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Wistar; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: LD50> 215 - <681 mg / kg bw

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 404

Reliability: 1

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Category 1A (Corrosive)

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: Not indicated

Reliability: 2

Species: Not indicated

Route of exposure: Ocular

Results: Corrosive

Bibliographic reference: Contribution of physicochemical properties to the evaluation of ocular irritation, Régnier JF and Imbert C (1992)

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

Skin sensitization

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 406

Reliability: 1

Species: guinea pig (Dunkin-Hartley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Sensitizing

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SUPERFIX

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 471 in vitro test

Reliability: 1

Species: S. typhimurium

Results: Negative with and without metabolic activation

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: Not indicated-Read across

Reliability: 2

Species: Mouse (C3H / HeJ; male)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Negative, NOAEL > = 56.3 mg / kg bw / day

Bibliographic reference:

Dermal Oncogenicity Studies on Various Ethyleneamines in Male C3H Mice, De Pass LR, Fowler EH, and Weil CS (1987)

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 422

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Wistar; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL (fertility) = 15 mg / kg bw / day

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Method: OECD Guideline 422

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (CrI: WI (Han); male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL 150 mg / kg bw / day

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 422

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Wistar)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL (development) = 15 mg / kg bw / day

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

POLY [OXY (METHYL-1,2-ETHANOL)], .ALPHA-IDR-.OMEGA-.HYDROXY-, ETHER WITH 2,2-BIS (HYDROXYMETHYL) -1,3-PROPANDIOL (4: 1), 2 - IDROSSI-3-MERCAPTOPROPIL ETERE

SUPERFIX

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

POLY [OXY (METHYL-1,2-ETHANOL)], .ALPHA-IDR-.OMEGA-.HYDROXY-, ETHER WITH 2,2-BIS (HYDROXYMETHYL) -1,3-PROPANDIOL (4: 1), 2 - IDROSSI-3-MERCAPTOPROPIL ETERE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for prolonged or repeated exposure.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 408-Read across

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL = 1000 ppm

Method: Not indicated

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Alderley Park)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Results: Negative, NOAEC = 550 mg / m3 air

Bibliographic reference: The subacute inhalation toxicity of 109 industrial chemicals, Gage JC (1970)

Method: Not indicated-Read across

Reliability: 2

Species: Mouse (C3H / HeJ, Male)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: NOAEL> = 56.3 mg / kg bw / day

Bibliographic reference: Dermal Oncogenicity Studies on Various Ethyleneamines in Male C3H Mice, De Pass LR, Fowler EH, and Weil CS (1987)

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Method: OECD Guideline 408

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Wistar; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL 120 mg / kg bw / day

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE
LC50 - for Fish

215 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea

9,2 mg/l/48h

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

21 mg/l/72h

EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants

5,7 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants

5,7 mg/l

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

LC50 - for Fish

146,6 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea

50 mg/l/48h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE
Easily degradable in water, 100% in 28 days.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Neutralize with a sodium bisulfate solution. Destroy the product by incineration.

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Incinerate in an appropriate incineration plant, observing the regulations of the local authorities.

It is not possible to specify a waste code compliant with the European waste catalog (EWC), due to the dependence on use.

The waste code in accordance with the European waste catalog (EWC) must be specified in collaboration with the agency / producer / disposal authorities.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number

Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Acute Tox. 3 | Acute toxicity, category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 4 | Acute toxicity, category 4 |
| Skin Corr. 1A | Skin corrosion, category 1A |
| Skin Corr. 1B | Skin corrosion, category 1B |

SUPERFIX

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Eye Irrit. 2 | Eye irritation, category 2 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin irritation, category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitization, category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1B | Skin sensitization, category 1B |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)

SUPERFIX

15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)

16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition

- Handling Chemical Safety

- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)

- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology

- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition

- IFA GESTIS website

- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 15 / 16.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 411 00 08800-2673B
Product name: SUPERFIX

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Part B of universal epoxy adhesive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: Meccanocar Italia S.r.l.
Full address: Via San Francesco, 22
District and Country: 56033 Capannoli (PI)
Italy

Tel. +39 0587 609433

Fax +39 0587 607145

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: moreno.meini@meccanocar.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: National Poisons Information Service: +44 121 507 4123

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

| | | |
|--|------|--|
| Eye irritation, category 2 | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Skin irritation, category 2 | H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| Skin sensitization, category 1 | H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 | H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Contains: POLI [OSSI (METIL-1,2-ETANDIOLO)], .ALFA.-IDR-.OMEGA.-IDROSSI-, ETERE CON 2,2-BIS (IDROSSIMETIL) -1,3-PROPANDIOLO (4: 1), 2 -IDROSSI-3-MERCAPTOPROPIL ETERE N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

| Identification | x = Conc. % | Classification 1272/2008 (CLP) |
|--|-------------|--|
| POLI [OSSI (METIL-1,2-ETANDIOLO)], .ALFA.-IDR-.OMEGA.-IDROSSI-, ETERE CON 2,2-BIS (IDROSSIMETIL) -1,3-PROPANDIOLO (4: 1), 2 -IDROSSI-3-MERCAPTOPROPIL ETERE | | |
| CAS 72244-98-5 | 94 ≤ x < 98 | Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 |
| EC 615-735-8 | | |
| INDEX - | | |
| N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE | | |
| CAS 10563-29-8 | 2 ≤ x < 2,5 | Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1B H317 |
| EC 234-148-4 | | |
| INDEX - | | |

Reg. no. 01-2119970376-29-XXXX

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

CAS 6674-22-2

$0,4 \leq x < 0,45$

Acute Tox. 3 H301, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318

EC 229-713-7

INDEX -

Reg. no. 01-2119977097-24-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

| | | |
|--|------------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,0000092 | mg/l |
| Normal value in marine water | 0,00000092 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 0,034 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 0,00000336 | mg/kg |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 18,1 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 0,00000132 | mg/kg |

SUPERFIX

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | | | 0,2 mg/kg bw/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | 0,65 mg/m3 | 0,65 mg/m3 | 7,5 mg/m3 | 7,5 mg/m3 | 3,7 mg/m3 | 3,7 mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | | | | | 0,67 mg/kg bw/d |

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

| | | |
|--|-------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,24 | mg/l |
| Normal value in marine water | 0,024 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 1,46 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 0,146 | mg/kg |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 13 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 0,152 | mg/kg |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Oral | | | | 1,5 mg/kg bw/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | 2,6 mg/m3 | | | | 10,6 mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | 1,5 mg/kg bw/d | | | | 3 mg/kg bw/d |

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Meccanocar Italia S.r.l. | Revision nr. 2 Dated 22/06/2020 |
| SUPERFIX | Printed on 22/06/2020 Page n. 6/16 Replaced revision:1 (Dated: 07/10/2019) |

values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.
If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Respiratory protection: low concentrations or short activity: mask with specific cartridge Recommended filter type: A2B2E2K2P3
High concentrations or prolonged activity: self-contained breathing apparatus
Hand protection: gloves (PVC, neoprene)
According to the permeation index EN 374: 1 (elapsed time> 10 minutes)
Eye / face protection: safety glasses with side shields
Skin and body protection: Workplace: protective clothing (cotton)

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374)
Suitable materials also with prolonged direct contact (Recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to> 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN 374):
butyl rubber (butyl) - coating thickness 0.7 mm
nitrile rubber (NBR) - coating thickness of 0.4 mm
chloroprene rubber (CR) - coating thickness 0.5 mm
Additional note: specifications are based on tests, literature data and information from glove manufacturers or derive from similar substances by analogy.
Due to many conditions (eg temperature), it should be considered that the practical use of a chemical protective glove in practice can be much shorter than the breakthrough time determined through testing.
The manufacturer's instructions for use must be observed due to the wide variety of types.

Eye protection:
Tightly sealed goggles (caged goggles) (eg EN 166) and face shield.

Body protection:
Body protection should be chosen based on activity and possible exposure, e.g. apron, protective boots, chemical protective suit (according to EN 14605 in case of splashes or EN ISO 13982 in case of dust).

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Appearance | liquid |
| Colour | light yellow |
| Odour | characteristic |
| Odour threshold | Not available |
| pH | Not available |
| Melting point / freezing point | Not available |
| Initial boiling point | > 150 °C |
| Boiling range | Not available |
| Flash point | 100 °C |
| Evaporation rate | Not available |

| | |
|--|----------------------------|
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available |
| Lower inflammability limit | Not available |
| Upper inflammability limit | Not available |
| Lower explosive limit | Not available |
| Upper explosive limit | Not available |
| Vapour pressure | Not available |
| Vapour density | Not available |
| Relative density | 1,14 g/cm |
| Solubility | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | Not available |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available |
| Viscosity | 10000 - 20000 mPa.s (25°C) |
| Explosive properties | Not available |
| Oxidising properties | Not available |

9.2. Other information

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

The product is stable under normal conditions of handling and storage.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Evolution of heat under the influence of acids.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Temperatures above 50 ° C
Exposure to moisture. Protect from heat.

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

- Violent reaction and flammability with :, Oxidizing agents, Nitrates, Peroxides
- Very exothermic reaction and possibility of spitting with :, strong acids, halogens, product that could react violently in an alkaline environment
- Formation of toxic products (n-nitrosamines) with:, nitrous acid and other nitrosating agents, nitrite, oxygen
- Very exothermic reaction with :, Water
- Corrosion with :, light metals and alloys (corrosion)

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Substances to avoid:
strong acids, oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Thermal decomposition giving toxic and corrosive products: ammonia, carbon oxides, nitriles, cyanides

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.
It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

SUPERFIX

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:
>2000 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 401
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: LD50 = 1545 mg / kg bw

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401
Reliability: 2
Species: Rat (Wistar; male / female)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: LD50> 215 - <681 mg / kg bw

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 404
Reliability: 1
Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White)
Route of exposure: Dermal
Results: Category 1A (Corrosive)

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: Not indicated
Reliability: 2
Species: Not indicated
Route of exposure: Ocular
Results: Corrosive
Bibliographic reference: Contribution of physicochemical properties to the evaluation of ocular irritation, Régnier JF and Imbert C (1992)

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITIZATION

Sensitizing for the skin

Skin sensitization
N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 406
Reliability: 1
Species: guinea pig (Dunkin-Hartley; male / female)
Route of exposure: Dermal
Results: Sensitizing

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

SUPERFIX

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 471 in vitro test

Reliability: 1

Species: S. typhimurium

Results: Negative with and without metabolic activation

carcinogenicity

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: Not indicated-Read across

Reliability: 2

Species: Mouse (C3H / HeJ; male)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Negative, NOAEL > = 56.3 mg / kg bw / day

Bibliographic reference: Dermal Oncogenicity Studies on Various Ethyleneamines in Male C3H Mice, De Pass LR, Fowler EH, and Weil CS (1987)

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 422

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Wistar; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL (fertility) = 15 mg / kg bw / day

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Method: OECD Guideline 422

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (CrI: WI (Han); male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL 150 mg / kg bw / day

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: OECD 422

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Wistar)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL (development) = 15 mg / kg bw / day

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

POLY [OXY (METHYL-1,2-ETHANOL)], .ALPHA-IDR-.OMEGA-HYDROXY-, ETHER WITH 2,2-BIS (HYDROXYMETHYL) -1,3-PROPANDIOL (4: 1), 2 - IDROSSI-3-MERCAPTOPROPIL ETERE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

POLY [OXY (METHYL-1,2-ETHANOL)], .ALPHA-IDR-.OMEGA-.HYDROXY-, ETHER WITH 2,2-BIS (HYDROXYMETHYL) -1,3-PROPANDIOL (4: 1), 2 - IDROSSI-3-MERCAPTOPROPIL ETERE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for prolonged or repeated exposure.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETHYLPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 408-Read across

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL = 1000 ppm

Method: Not indicated

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Alderley Park)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Results: Negative, NOAEC = 550 mg / m3 air

Bibliographic reference: The subacute inhalation toxicity of 109 industrial chemicals, Gage JC (1970)

Method: Not indicated-Read across

Reliability: 2

Species: Mouse (C3H / HeJ, Male)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: NOAEL> = 56.3 mg / kg bw / day

Bibliographic reference: Dermal Oncogenicity Studies on Various Ethyleneamines in Male C3H Mice, De Pass LR, Fowler EH, and Weil CS (1987)

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Method: OECD Guideline 408

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Wistar; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL 120 mg / kg bw / day

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-
DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE
LC50 - for Fish

215 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea

9,2 mg/l/48h

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

21 mg/l/72h

EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants

5,7 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 5,7 mg/l

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

LC50 - for Fish 146,6 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea 50 mg/l/48h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Easily degradable in water, 100% in 28 days.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

N'- (3-AMMINOPROPIL) -N, N-DIMETILPROPAN-1,3-DIAMINE

Neutralize with a sodium bisulfate solution. Destroy the product by incineration.

1,8-DIAZABICICLO [5.4.0] UNDEC-7-ENE

Incinerate in an appropriate incineration plant, observing the regulations of the local authorities.

It is not possible to specify a waste code compliant with the European waste catalog (EWC), due to the dependence on use.

The waste code in accordance with the European waste catalog (EWC) must be specified in collaboration with the agency / producer / disposal authorities.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number

Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006Product

Point 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 3 | Acute toxicity, category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 4 | Acute toxicity, category 4 |
| Skin Corr. 1A | Skin corrosion, category 1A |
| Skin Corr. 1B | Skin corrosion, category 1B |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | Eye irritation, category 2 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin irritation, category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitization, category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1B | Skin sensitization, category 1B |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |

SUPERFIX

- H317** May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website
 - ECHA website
 - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety

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| Meccanocar Italia S.r.l. | Revision nr. 2 Dated 22/06/2020 |
| SUPERFIX | Printed on 22/06/2020 Page n. 16/16 Replaced revision:1 (Dated: 07/10/2019) |

laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.
Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.
Product`s classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.
The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:
The following sections were modified:
02 / 03 / 04 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 15 / 16.