Meccano	car Italia S.r.I.	Revision nr. 1	
		Dated 22/06/2022	
		First compilation	
SUPER	SOFT PUTTY	Printed on 22/06/2022	
		Page n. 1/19	
Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH			
SECTION 1. Identification of the sub	stance/mixture and of the company/under	rtaking	
1.1. Product identifier Code: Product name UFI :	4110021620 SUPER SOFT PUTTY TVHQ-W060-100G-AGGR		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or r Intended use Polyester putty for c			
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data shee Name Full address District and Country	t Meccanocar Italia S.r.I. Via San Francesco, 22 56033 Capannoli (PI) Italy		
	Tel. +39 0587 609433		
	Fax +39 0587 607145		
e-mail address of the competent person			
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet Supplier:	moreno.meini@meccanocar.it		
1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to	National Poisons Information Service: +44 121 507 4123	3	
SECTION 2. Hazards identification			

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

zard classification and indication:		
lammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
eproductive toxicity, category 2	H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
pecific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
		exposure.
ye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
kin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	zard classification and indication: l'ammable liquid, category 3 Reproductive toxicity, category 2 specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 Eye irritation, category 2 skin irritation, category 2	Hammable liquid, category 3H226Reproductive toxicity, category 2H361dSpecific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1H372System irritation, category 2H319

2.2. Label elements

Meccanoca	ar Italia S.r.I.	Revision nr. 1
		Dated 22/06/2022
		First compilation
SUPER SC	OFT PUTTY	Printed on 22/06/2022
		Page n. 2/19
to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (Cl	LP) and subsequent amendments and suppler	ments.
Danger		
Causes serious eye irritation.		
Causes skin irritation.	ale droplete movies formed where arrested in De	not brootho oprovice mist
vvarning! Hazardous respirab	ble droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do	not breathe spray or mist.
:		
Keep away from heat, hot su	rfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition	sources. No smoking.
Wear protective gloves/ prote	ective clothing / eye protection / face protection	
	/ with water for several minutes. Remove cont	act lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue
	er in accordance with local dispositions.	
STIKENE		
data, the product does not contai	in any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%	6.
	in any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1% disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.	6.
	disrupting properties in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$.	6.
tain substances with endocrine d	disrupting properties in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$.	6.
tain substances with endocrine d	disrupting properties in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$.	6.
tain substances with endocrine d	disrupting properties in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$.	6.
tain substances with endocrine d	disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%. on ingredients	6.
tain substances with endocrine d	disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%. on ingredients Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Repr. 2 H361, Acute To Tox. 1 H304, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 Chronic 3 H412, Classification note accord	ox. 4 H332, STOT RE 1 H372, Asp. H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic
tain substances with endocrine d nposition/information of x = Conc. %	disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%. on ingredients Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Repr. 2 H361, Acute To Tox. 1 H304, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 Chronic 3 H412, Classification note accord Regulation: D	ox. 4 H332, STOT RE 1 H372, Asp. H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic ling to Annex VI to the CLP
tain substances with endocrine d nposition/information of x = Conc. %	disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%. on ingredients Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Repr. 2 H361, Acute To Tox. 1 H304, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 Chronic 3 H412, Classification note accord	ox. 4 H332, STOT RE 1 H372, Asp. H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic ling to Annex VI to the CLP
	SUPER SC to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (C The second s	SUPER SOFT PUTTY to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supple Image: Image: Danger Flammable liquid and vapour. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious eye irritation. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection Obtain special instructions before use. IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water. IF Ne YES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contrinsing. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local dispositions.

Revision nr. 1 Dated 22/06/2022

Page n. 3/19

First compilation

Printed on 22/06/2022

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

REACH Reg. 01-2119457861-32-XXXX

TITANIUM DIOXIDE [in powder form contain ing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic dia meter ≤ 10 μm]

Carc. 2 H351, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: 10, V, W

EC 236-675-5 INDEX 022-006-00-2

CAS 13463-67-7

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

 $4.5 \le x < 5$

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

Dated 22/06/2022 First compilation

Revision nr. 1

Printed on 22/06/2022

Page n. 4/19

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
LTU	Lietuva	Jsakymas dėl lietuvos higienos normos hn 23:2011 "cheminių medžiagų profesinio poveikio ribiniai dydžiai.

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

Revision nr. 1

Dated 22/06/2022 First compilation

Printed on 22/06/2022

Page n. 5/19

NOR GBR	Norge United Kingdom TLV-ACGIH	1	patvirtinimo Forskrift om end arbeidsmiljøet sa august 2018 nr.	amt smitterisikogru	iltaksverdier og o pper for biologis	renseverdier for fy ke faktorer (forskrif	rsiske og kjem ft om tiltaks- o	iiske faktorer i g grenseverdier),	21.
STYRENE Threshold I	Limit Value								
Туре		Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks Observati		
			mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
VLA		ESP	86	20	172	40			
VLEP		FRA	100	23,3	200	46,6			
RD		LTU	90	20	200	50	SKIN		
TLV		NOR	105	25					
WEL		GBR	430	100	1080	250			
TLV-ACGIH			10		20				
Predicted no-	effect concentration	- PNEC							
Normal value	in fresh water				0,028	mg/l			
Normal value	in marine water				0,014	mg/l			
	for fresh water sed	iment			0,614	mg/kg	g		
Normal value	ioi ilesii watei seu	intent							
	for marine water sea				0,307	mg/k	g		
Normal value		ediment			0,307 5	mg/kg mg/l	g		
Normal value Normal value	for marine water se	ediment isms					-		
Normal value Normal value Normal value	e for marine water se e of STP microorgan	ediment isms ompartment	MEL		5	mg/l	-		
Normal value Normal value Normal value Health - De	of STP microorgan of STP microorgan for the terrestrial co prived no-effect I	ediment isms ompartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on	MEL Acute systemic	Chronic local	5 0,2 Chronic	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local	g Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
Normal value Normal value Normal value Health - De Route of expo	of STP microorgan of STP microorgan for the terrestrial co prived no-effect I	ediment isms ompartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on consumers		Chronic local	5 0,2 Chronic systemic 2,1 mg/kg	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local	g	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Normal value Normal value Normal value Health - De Route of expc Oral	of STP microorgan of STP microorgan for the terrestrial co prived no-effect I	ediment isms ompartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on consumers		Chronic local 174,25 mg/m3	5 0,2 Chronic systemic	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local	g Acute	Chronic local 289 mg/m3	
Normal value Normal value Normal value	of STP microorgan of STP microorgan for the terrestrial co prived no-effect I	ediment isms ompartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on consumers Acute local			5 0,2 Chronic systemic 2,1 mg/kg bw/d	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local	g Acute		systemic
Normal value Normal value Normal value Health - De Route of expc Oral Inhalation Skin ITANIUM D g 1 % or me meter ≤ 10 µ	of or marine water se of STP microorgan for the terrestrial co erived no-effect I osure	ediment isms ompartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on consumers Acute local 182,75 mg/m3	Acute systemic		5 0,2 Chronic systemic 2,1 mg/kg bw/d 10,2 mg/m3 343 mg/kg	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local	g Acute	289 mg/m3	systemic 85 mg/m3 406 mg/kg
Normal value Normal value Normal value Health - De Route of expc Oral Inhalation Skin TTANIUM D g 1 % or me neter ≤ 10 µ Threshold	of STP microorgan of STP microorgan for the terrestrial oc erived no-effect I osure	ediment isms pmpartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on consumers Acute local 182,75 mg/m3 der form conta with aerodynam Country	Acute systemic		5 0,2 Chronic systemic 2,1 mg/kg bw/d 10,2 mg/m3 343 mg/kg bw/d	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local	g Acute systemic Remarks	289 mg/m3	systemic 85 mg/m3 406 mg/kg
Normal value Normal value Health - De Route of expc Oral Inhalation Skin TTANIUM D g 1 % or mo neter ≤ 10 µ Threshold	of STP microorgan of STP microorgan for the terrestrial oc erived no-effect I osure	ediment isms ompartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on consumers Acute local 182,75 mg/m3 der form conta with aerodynam	Acute systemic	174,25 mg/m3	5 0,2 Chronic systemic 2,1 mg/kg bw/d 10,2 mg/m3 343 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local 306 mg/m3	g Acute systemic Remarks	289 mg/m3	systemic 85 mg/m3 406 mg/kg
Normal value Normal value Normal value Health - De Route of expo Oral Inhalation Skin TTANIUM D g 1 % or mo neter ≤ 10 µ Threshold I Type	of STP microorgan of STP microorgan for the terrestrial oc erived no-effect I osure	ediment isms pmpartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on consumers Acute local 182,75 mg/m3 der form conta with aerodynam Country	Acute systemic	174,25 mg/m3	5 0,2 Chronic systemic 2,1 mg/kg bw/d 10,2 mg/m3 343 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local 306 mg/m3	g Acute systemic Remarks	289 mg/m3	systemic 85 mg/m3 406 mg/kg
Normal value Normal value Normal value Health - De Route of expc Oral Inhalation Skin ITANIUM D g 1 % or mon neter ≤ 10 µ Threshold I Type	of STP microorgan of STP microorgan for the terrestrial oc erived no-effect I osure	ediment isms ompartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on consumers Acute local 182,75 mg/m3 der form conta with aerodynam Country ESP	Acute systemic	174,25 mg/m3	5 0,2 Chronic systemic 2,1 mg/kg bw/d 10,2 mg/m3 343 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local 306 mg/m3	g Acute systemic Remarks	289 mg/m3	systemic 85 mg/m3 406 mg/kg
Normal value Normal value Normal value Normal value Health - De Route of expc Oral Inhalation Skin ITANIUM D g 1 % or moneter ≤ 10 µ Threshold I Type VLA VLEP RD	of STP microorgan of STP microorgan for the terrestrial oc erived no-effect I osure	ediment isms pmpartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on consumers Acute local 182,75 mg/m3 der form conta with aerodynam Country ESP FRA	Acute systemic in nic dia TWA/8h mg/m3 10 10	174,25 mg/m3	5 0,2 Chronic systemic 2,1 mg/kg bw/d 10,2 mg/m3 343 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local 306 mg/m3	g Acute systemic Remarks	289 mg/m3	systemic 85 mg/m3 406 mg/kg
Normal value Normal value Normal value Health - De Route of expc Oral Inhalation Skin ITANIUM D g 1 % or meter ≤ 10 µ Threshold I Type VLA VLEP	of STP microorgan of STP microorgan for the terrestrial oc erived no-effect I osure	ediment isms pmpartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on consumers Acute local 182,75 mg/m3 der form conta with aerodynam Country ESP FRA LTU	Acute systemic in hic dia TWA/8h mg/m3 10 10 5	174,25 mg/m3	5 0,2 Chronic systemic 2,1 mg/kg bw/d 10,2 mg/m3 343 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local 306 mg/m3	g Acute systemic Remarks	289 mg/m3	systemic 85 mg/m3 406 mg/kg
Normal value Normal value Normal value Health - De Route of expc Oral Inhalation Skin TANIUM D g 1 % or me neter ≤ 10 µ Threshold I Type VLA VLA VLEP RD TLV	of STP microorgan of STP microorgan for the terrestrial oc erived no-effect I osure	ediment isms pmpartment evel - DNEL / D Effects on consumers Acute local 182,75 mg/m3 der form conta with aerodynam Country ESP FRA LTU NOR	Acute systemic in nic dia TWA/8h mg/m3 10 10 5 5 5	174,25 mg/m3	5 0,2 Chronic systemic 2,1 mg/kg bw/d 10,2 mg/m3 343 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min	mg/l mg/kg Effects on workers Acute local 306 mg/m3	g Acute systemic Remarks Observati	289 mg/m3	systemic 85 mg/m3 406 mg/kg

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

Revision nr. 1 Dated 22/06/2022

> First compilation Printed on 22/06/2022

Page n. 6/19

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

BARIUM SULFATE

Protective gloves (PVC, neoprene, natural rubber)

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

Revision nr. 1 Dated 22/06/2022

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	paste	
Colour	beige	
Odour	characteristic of solvent	
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	
Initial boiling point	Not available	
Flammability	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Flash point	38 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	345 °C	
pH	Not available	
Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity Solubility	1,5 mm2/s 2,47 cP insoluble in water	Temperature: 20 °C Temperature: 20 °C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available	
Vapour pressure Density and/or relative density Relative vapour density	2139 Pa 1650 g/dm3 Not available	Temperature: 20 °C Temperature: 20 °C
Particle characteristics	Not applicable	

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

STYRENE

Polymerises at temperatures above 65°C/149°F.Fire hazard.Possibility of explosion.

It is added with an inhibitor which requires a small amount of dissolved oxygen at a temperature <25 ° C / 77 ° F.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

First compilation Printed on 22/06/2022

Page n. 7/19

Revision nr. 1

Dated 22/06/2022 First compilation

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

Printed on 22/06/2022 Page n. 8/19

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

STYRENE

May react dangerously with: peroxides,strong acids.May polymerise on contact with: aluminium trichloride,azobisisobutyronitrile,dibenzoyl peroxide,sodium.Risk of explosion on contact with: butyllithium,chlorosulphuric acid,diterbutyl peroxide,oxidising substances,oxygen.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

STYRENE

Avoid contact with: oxidising substances,copper,strong acids.

BARIUM SULFATE

Strong heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

STYRENE

Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

STYRENE

Meccanocar Italia S.r.I. Revision nr. 1 Dated 22/06/2022 First compilation SUPER SOFT PUTTY Printed on 22/06/2022 Page n. 9/19 Printed on 22/06/2022

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

STYRENE

Acute inhalation toxicity at 1000 ppm affects the central nervous system with headaches, dizziness and coordination difficulties; irritation of the mucous membranes of the eyes and respiratory tract occurs at 500 ppm. Chronic exposure gives depression of the central and peripheral nervous system with memory loss, headaches and drowsiness starting from 20 ppm; digestive disorders with nausea and loss of appetite; respiratory tract irritation with chronic bronchitis; dermatosis. Repeated exposure, at low doses of inhaled substance, causes irreversible changes in auditory function and can cause changes in color vision. There are no reliable data on the reversibility of visual impairment. Repeated skin exposures cause irritation. The substance degreases the skin, which can cause dryness and cracking.

Interactive effects

STYRENE

The metabolism of the substance is inhibited by ethanol. When styrene is photo-oxidised with ozone and nitrogen dioxide, as in the formation of smog, highly irritating products for the eyes can occur in humans.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: ATE (Inhalation - gas) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

STYRENE

STA (Inhalation mists/powders):

STA (Inhalation vapours):

TITANIUM DIOXIDE [in powder form contain ing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic dia meter \leq 10 µm]

LD50 (Oral):

STYRENE Method: OECD 402 Reliability: 1 Species: Rat (Crj: CD (SD) IGS; male / female) Route of exposure: Dermal Results: LD50> 2000 mg / kg bw

BARIUM SULFATE Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 401 Reliability: 2 Species: Rat (Wistar; male) Route of exposure: Oral > 5 mg/l
 > 20 mg/l
 0,0 mg/l
 Not classified (no significant component)
 Not classified (no significant component)

1,5 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture) 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

> 10000 mg/kg Rat

Revision nr. 1 Dated 22/06/2022

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

First compilation Printed on 22/06/2022

Page n. 10/19

Results: LD50 = 307 g / kg

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

BARIUM SULFATE Method: OECD guidelines for testing chemicals, draft proposal for a new guideline: in vitro skin irritation: reconstructed human epidermis (RhE) test method Reliability: 2 Human species Route of exposure: Dermal Results: Not indicated

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

BARIUM SULFATE Method: OECD 405 Reliability: 1 Species: Rabbit (Himalayan) Route of exposure: Ocular Results: Not irritating

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

BARIUM SULFATE Method: OECD 429 Reliability: 1 Species: Mouse (CBA; female) Route of exposure: Dermal Results: Not sensitizing

Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

Skin sensitization

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

Revision nr. 1 Dated 22/06/2022 First compilation Printed on 22/06/2022 Page n. 11/19

Information not available

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STYRENE Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 471 in vitro test Reliability: 2 Species: S. typhimurium Results: Positive with metabolic activation Method: OECD 474-test in vivo Reliability: 1 Species: Mouse (NMRI; male) Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors) Results: Negative

BARIUM SULFATE Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 471 in vitro-Read across test Reliability: 2 Species: S. typhimurium Results: Negative with and without metabolic activation

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STYRENE

Classified in group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2002). Classified as "probable carcinogen" by the US National Toxicology Program (NTP) - (US DHHS, 2014).

BARIUM SULFATE Method: Not indicated Reliability: 2 Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male / female) Route of exposure: Oral Results: Negative

TITANIUM DIOXIDE [in powder form contain ing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic dia meter \leq 10 µm] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated in particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

Revision nr. 1 Dated 22/06/2022 First compilation Printed on 22/06/2022

Page n. 12/19

Suspected of damaging the unborn child

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

STYRENE Method: OECD 416 Reliability: 2 Species: Rat (Crj: CD (SD); male / female) Route of exposure: Inhalation Results: Negative, NOAEC (fertility) = 0.21 mg / L air

BARIUM SULFATE Method: Not indicated Reliability: 2 Species: Rat (Fischer 344 / N; male / female) Route of exposure: Oral Results: Negative (fertility) = 4000 ppm Bibliographic reference: Subchronic toxicity of barium chloride dihydrate administered to rats and mice in the drinking water, Dietz, D.D.; et al. (1992)

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

STYRENE Method: Not indicated Reliability: 2 Species: Rat (Crj: CD (SD)) Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors) Results: Negative, NOAEC (development) = 0.21 mg / L air Bibliographic reference: European risk assessment report, Styrene CAS No. 100-42-5, EINECS No. 202-851-5, Draft for submission to SCHER, November 2007, European Union (2007)

BARIUM SULFATE Method: OECD 414 Reliability: 1 Species: Rat (Wistar) Route of exposure: Oral Results: Positive, NOAEL (development) = 25.6 mg / kg bw / day

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Revision nr. 1 Dated 22/06/2022

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

First compilation Printed on 22/06/2022

Page n. 13/19

STYRENE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

BARIUM SULFATE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target exposure prgani toxicity class for single exposure.

Target organs

STYRENE Nose

Route of exposure

STYRENE Inhalation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Causes damage to organs

STYRENE Method: Not indicated Reliability: 2 Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male / female) Route of exposure: Oral Results: NOAEL = 1000 mg / kg bw / day Bibliographic reference: European risk assessment report, Styrene CAS No. 100-42-5, EINECS No. 202-851-5, Draft for submission to SCHER, November 2007, European Union (2007) Method: Not indicated Reliability: 2 Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male) Route of exposure: Inhalation Results: Negative, NOAEC = 0.85 mg / L air Bibliographic reference: European risk assessment report, Styrene CAS No. 100-42-5, EINECS No. 202-851-5, Draft for submission to SCHER, November 2007, European Union (2007)

BARIUM SULFATE Method: Not indicated Reliability: 2 Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male / female) Route of exposure: Oral Results: NOAEL = 61.1 mg / kg bw / day Bibliographic reference: Subchronic Toxicity of Barium Chloride Dihydrate Administered to Rats and Mice in the Drinking Water, Dietz, D.D. et al. (1992)

Meccanocar Italia S.r.I. Revision nr. 1 Dated 22/06/2022 First compilation SUPER SOFT PUTTY Printed on 22/06/2022 Page n. 14/19

Target organs

STYRENE Ear

Route of exposure

STYRENE Inhalation

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological informati	on	
12.1. Toxicity		
BARIUM SULFATE		
EC50 - for Crustacea	14,5 mg/l/48h	
STYRENE		
LC50 - for Fish	4,02 mg/l/96h	
EC50 - for Crustacea	4,7 mg/l/48h	
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	4,9 mg/l/72h	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
STYRENE		
TITANIUM DIOXIDE [in powder form contain ing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic dia meter ≤ 10 μm]		
Solubility in water	< 0,001 mg/l	
Degradability: information not available		
BARIUM SULFATE		

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

Dated 22/06/2022 First compilation Printed on 22/06/2022

Revision nr. 1

Page n. 15/19

Solubility in water Degradability: information not available	0,1 - 100 mg/l
STYRENE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	320 mg/l
STYRENE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF 12.4. Mobility in soil	2,96 74
STYRENE Partition coefficient: soil/water 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	2,55

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

BARIUM SULFATE

In accordance with local and national regulations. It can be placed in a landfill if it complies with local regulations. Dispose according to the European Directive on waste and hazardous waste.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

Revision nr. 1 Dated 22/06/2022 First compilation Printed on 22/06/2022 Page n. 16/19

ADR / RID, IMDG, 3269 IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	POLYESTER RESIN KIT
IMDG:	POLYESTER RESIN KIT
IATA:	POLYESTER RESIN KIT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, III IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler:	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (E)
	Special provision: 236, 340		
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, S-D	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
ΙΑΤΑ:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 10 Kg	Packaging instructions: 370
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 10 Kg	Packaging instructions: 370
	Special provision:	A163	570

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

Maaganagar Italia S = I	Revision nr. 1
Meccanocar Italia S.r.I.	Dated 22/06/2022
	First compilation
SUPER SOFT PUTTY	Printed on 22/06/2022
	Page n. 17/19
SECTION 15. Regulatory information	
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c	
Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006	
Product Point 3 - 40	
Contained substance	
Point 75	
Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors	
Not applicable	
Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)	
On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.	
Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)	
None	
Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:	
None	
Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:	
None	
Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:	
None	
Healthcare controls	
Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.	
15.2. Chemical safety assessment	

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Revision nr. 1

Dated 22/06/2022 First compilation

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

Printed on 22/06/2022 Page n. 18/19

Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3	
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, category 2	
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, category 2	
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4	
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
EUH211	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.	
LEGEND: - ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road - ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate - CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number - CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect) - CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances) - CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 - DNEL: Derived No Effect Level - EmS: Emergency Schedule - GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals - IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation - IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50% - IMDG: International Maritime Ocde for dangerous goods - IMO: International Maritime Organization - INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP - LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% - DSD: Lethal Concentration 50% - OEL: Occupational Exposure Level - PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation - PEC: Predicted exposure Level - PBT: Predicted exposure Level - PBT: Predicted on effect concentration - PEC: Predicted no effect concentration - PEC: Predicted no effect concentration - REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 - RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train - TLV: Threshold Limit Value - TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure. - TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit		
 TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit VOC: Volatile organic Compounds vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation WGK: Water hazard classes (German). 		

- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

Revision nr. 1

Dated 22/06/2022 First compilation

SUPER SOFT PUTTY

Printed on 22/06/2022

Page n. 19/19

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
 Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP. Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11, Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.