

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 411 00 13900-2725
Product name: THIN STICKER SPRAY

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: High adhesion grease and stringy properties

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: Meccanocar Italia S.r.l.
Full address: Via San Francesco, 22
District and Country: 56033 Capannoli (PI)
Italy

Tel. +39 0587 609433

Fax +39 0587 607145

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: moreno.meini@meccanocar.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: National Poisons Information Service: +44 121 507 4123

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

Contains: LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM), C18-40, DISTILLED BASED, REMOVED WITH SOLVENT HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT SPECIFIED
 HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE		
CAS 64742-49-0	24 ≤ x < 25,5	Asp. Tox. 1 H304, EUH066
EC 931-254-9		
INDEX -		
Reg. no. 01-2119484651-34-XXXX		
BUTANE		
CAS 106-97-8	13,5 ≤ x < 15	Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas (Liq.) H280, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C U
EC 203-448-7		
INDEX 601-004-00-0		
Reg. no. 01-2119474691-32-XXXX		
LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM),		

**C18-40, DISTILLED BASED,
REMOVED WITH SOLVENT
HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT
SPECIFIED**

CAS 94733-15-0

 $13,5 \leq x < 15$

Carc. 1A H350, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP

Regulation: L

EC 305-594-8

INDEX -

Reg. no. 01-2119486987-11-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants.

Percentage of propellants: 14,00 %

SECTION 4. First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media****SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT**

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE**

If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always

wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

ESP	España
FRA	France
GBR	United Kingdom
NOR	Norge

LÍMITES DE EXPOSICIÓN PROFESIONAL PARA AGENTES QUÍMICOS EN ESPAÑA 2019 (INSST)
Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition,published 2018)
Fastsatt av Arbeids- og sosialdepartementet 21. august 2018 med hjemmel i lov 17. juni 2005 nr. 62 om arbeidsmiljø, arbeidstid, stillingsvern mv. (arbeidsmiljøloven) § 1-3, § 1-4 og § 4-5

THIN STICKER SPRAY

TLV-ACGIH

ACGIH 2019

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400					

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Chronic systemic	Effects on workers			Chronic systemic
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local		Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	
Oral				1301 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				1131 mg/m3				5306 mg/m3
Skin				1377 mg/kg bw/d				13964 mg/kg bw/d

LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM), C18-40, DISTILLED BASED, REMOVED WITH SOLVENT HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT SPECIFIED**Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC**

Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	9,33	mg/kg
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Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Chronic systemic	Effects on workers			Chronic systemic
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local		Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	
Oral				0,74 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation							5,58 mg/m3	2,73 mg/m3
Skin								0,97 mg/kg bw/d

BUTANE**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
VLA	ESP		1000			Gases		
VLEP	FRA	1900	800					
WEL	GBR	1450	600	1810	750			
TLV	NOR	600	250					
TLV-ACGIH					1000			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

The product must be used inside a closed circuit, in a well-ventilated environment and with strong localised aspiration systems in place.

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. Nitrile, CEN EN 420 and EN 374 standards provide general requirements and lists of glove types.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	aerosol
Colour	straw yellow
Odour	characteristic
Odour threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	-26 °C
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Lower inflammability limit	Not available
Upper inflammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available

Vapour density	>1
Relative density	Not available
Solubility	insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	Not available
Oxidising properties	Not available

9.2. Other information

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) : 100,00 % - 671,15 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

BUTANE

Vapors can form an explosive mixture with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Open flames and high energy ignition sources.

BUTANE

Avoid heat and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Strong oxidants.

BUTANE

Strong oxidizing agents, chlorine, oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

BUTANE

In case of fire or production of thermal decomposition, for example, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM), C18-40, DISTILLED BASED, REMOVED WITH SOLVENT HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT SPECIFIED

LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 2,18 mg/l/4h Rat

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

LD50 (Oral) > 25 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) > 5 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 73860 ppm/4h Rat

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 401

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: LD50:> 5 000 mg / kg bw

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 403

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Crj: CD (SD); male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Results: LC50:> 4 951 mg / m³ air

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 402

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Crj: CD (SD); male / female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: LD50:> 2 000 mg / kg bw

BUTANE

Method: Not indicated

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Alderley Park (SPF); male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation

Results: LC50: 1 443 mg / L air

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: OECD 404

Reliability: 1

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Irritating

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: OECD 405

Reliability: 1

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Route of exposure: Ocular

Results: Not irritating

LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM), C18-40, DISTILLED BASED, REMOVED WITH SOLVENT HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT SPECIFIED

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 405

Reliability: 1

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Route of exposure: Ocular

Results: Not irritating

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 406

Reliability: 2

Species: guinea pig (Hartley; female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Not sensitizing

Skin sensitization

LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM), C18-40, DISTILLED BASED, REMOVED WITH SOLVENT HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT SPECIFIED

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 406

Reliability: 1

Species: guinea pig (Hartley; male)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Not sensitizing

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 471 - in vitro test

Reliability: 1

Species: S. typhimurium

Results: Negative with and without metabolic activation

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 474 - in vivo test

Reliability: 1

Species: Mouse (CD-1; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: Negative

LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM), C18-40, DISTILLED BASED, REMOVED WITH SOLVENT HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT SPECIFIED

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 473 in vitro test

Reliability: 1

Species: Chinese hamster

Results: Negative

Method: OECD 474-test in vivo

Reliability: 1

Species: Mouse (CD-1; male / female)

Route of exposure: Intraperitoneal

Results: Negative

BUTANE

Method: OECD 471 in vitro test
Reliability: 1
Species: Salmonella strains, S. typhimurium
Results: Negative without metabolic activation
Method: OECD 474-test in vivo
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley CD; male / female)
Route of exposure: Inhalation (gas)
Results: Negative

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 403
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (F344 / N; male / female)
Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)
Results: Negative. The NOAEC for rat females was determined to be 2200 mg / m3. The NOAEC for male rats was determined to be 138 mg / m3.

LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM), C18-40, DISTILLED BASED, REMOVED WITH SOLVENT HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT SPECIFIED

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 451
Reliability: 1
Species: Mouse (CF-1; female)
Route of exposure: Dermal
Results: Negative

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

BUTANE

Method: OECD 413
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley CD; male / female)
Route of exposure: Inhalation
Results: NOAEC 10000 ppm

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility
HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: OECD TG 413
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male / female)
Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)
Results: Negative. NOAEC (fertility) ≥ 400 ppm

LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM), C18-40, DISTILLED BASED, REMOVED WITH SOLVENT HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT SPECIFIED

Method: OECD 421
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: NOAEL ≥ 1 000 mg / kg bw / day

Adverse effects on development of the offspring
HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: Guidelines for Reproduction Studies for Safety and Evaluation of Drugs for Human Use, Segment II (Teratology Study)

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Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley)
Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)
Results: Negative. NOAEC (development)> = 300 ppm

LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM), C18-40, DISTILLED BASED, REMOVED WITH SOLVENT HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT SPECIFIED

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 414
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley)
Route of exposure: Dermal
Results: LOAEL 125 mg / kg bw / day

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

BUTANE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 422
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: Negative. NOAEL> = 1000 mg / kg / day
Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 413
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (albino; male / female)
Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)
Results: Negative. NOAEC = 10186 mg / m3

LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM), C18-40, DISTILLED BASED, REMOVED WITH SOLVENT HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT SPECIFIED

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 408
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: NOAEL 125 mg / kg / day
Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 412
Reliability: 2
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)
Route of exposure: Inhalation
Results: NOAEL 220 mg / m3
Method: OECD 410
Reliability: 1
Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White; male / female)
Route of exposure: Dermal
Results: NOAEL ca. 1 000 mg / kg bw / day

BUTANE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for prolonged or repeated exposure.

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

SECTION 12. Ecological information**12.1. Toxicity**

Information not available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Rapidly degradable in water, 80% in 28 days.

BUTANE

Quickly degradable in water.

BUTANE

Solubility in water

0,1 - 100 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

BUTANE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

1,09

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANS, <5% N-HEXANE

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain debris and may be hazardous. Do not attempt to fill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums must be completely drained and safely stored until they are properly reconditioned or disposed of. Empty containers must be recycled, recovered or disposed of through an appropriately qualified or authorized contractor and in accordance with government regulations. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, WELD, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY OR OTHER IGNITION SOURCES. MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

BUTANE

No waste key number according to the European list of waste types can be assigned to this product, since this classification is based on the use (not yet determined) for which the product is intended for the consumer.

The key number for the waste must be determined according to the European waste type list (decision on the EU waste type list 2000/532 / EC) in collaboration with the disposal company / producer / authority Official.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1950
IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: AEROSOLS
IMDG: AEROSOLS
IATA: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1
IMDG:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1
IATA:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, -
IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO
IMDG: NO
IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

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ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: --	Limited Quantities: 1 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D)
IMDG:	Special Provision: - EMS: F-D, S-U	Limited Quantities: 1 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 150 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 75 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203
	Special Instructions:	A145, A167, A802	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P3a

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product		
Point	40	
Contained substance		
Point	28	LUBRICANT OILS (PETROLEUM), C18-40, DISTILLED BASED, REMOVED WITH SOLVENT HYDROCRACKED BASE OIL - NOT SPECIFIED Reg. no.: 01-2119486987-11-XXXX

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Gas 1A	Flammable gas, category 1A
Aerosol 1	Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol 3	Aerosol, category 3
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Liquefied gas
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity, category 1A
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may burst if heated.
H350	May cause cancer.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level

- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

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Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 08 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 15 / 16.